

STUDY OF PLAZA TYPOLOGY FOR IMPROVING SENSE OF PLACE IN GLODOK AREA, JAKARTA

Abstract:

Public space is a space that plays an important role in human daily activities. Through public space, individuals have a place to gather, interact and build a story or memory together. Interaction in public space mentally can provide positive benefits for individuals. The result of interactions in public spaces and experiences between individuals and places are getting an emotional feeling as a sense of place. Through the formation of an emotional feeling in sense of place, it will encourage individuals to return to the public space and create new narratives. Public spaces that have a positive sense of place for individuals can make the area always lively for the sake of the sustainability of the area. The quality created in public spaces binds to the sense of place in the region.

One of important public spaces in the city is the plaza as the heart of the city. Plaza is a center of social interaction that occurs between individuals and groups in the open field. The typology of plaza also varies. This study aims to find a comparison of various plaza typologies that have the highest sense of place seen based on criteria of sense of place. The study will use a comparative analysis of plaza typology. The instrument used can be observation and a questionnaire. The results of this study are expected to be able to find out the criteria of a livable plaza that also have a strong sense of place in various typologies.

Keywords:

open public space, plaza typology, sense of place, experiences, livable